

PRODUCT INTRODUCTION

■ INTRODUCTION

Since technologies of the product have more and more advance, the products need comply with a requirement for more safe, convenient and low cost.

The float switches are extremely compact, simple and are easy to install on any small space. These switches are not effected by electrical interference. They can withstand to chemicals, high temperatures and pressures if the correct material of float switch is selected by the customers.

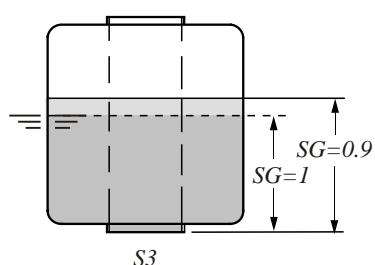
■ LIQUID PROPERTIES AND FLOATS

When the liquid specific gravity is less or more than the water, the float on the switch will either increase or decrease the immersion depth. The switch actuation level will also change.

All actuation levels are assumed with the water ($SG=1$). If your liquid has a different specific gravity, you should not specify the float specific gravity more than liquid, that will not cause the float rise with the liquid level. The reed switch inside the stationary stem will not be activated by the magnet inside the float.

If your liquid has a high viscosity, you should specify largest size float that will provide a greatest buoyant force to ensure the units operate normally.

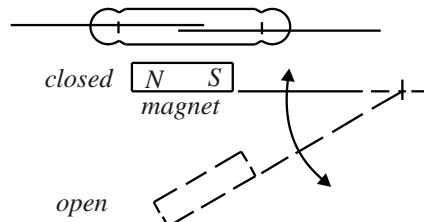
Because the float switches are activated by the magnetic field of permanent magnet inside the float, make sure the liquid is no iron powder or magnetic material to avoid magnetic interference.



(Fig. 3)

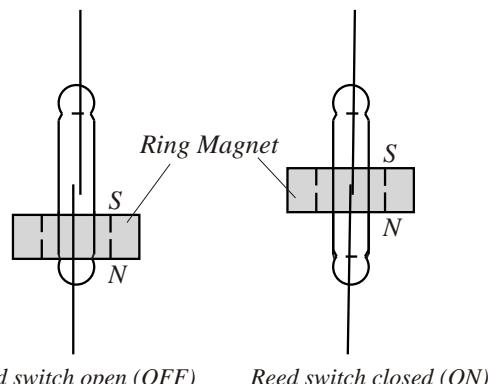
■ PRINCIPLE

Fig. 1 illustrates the method of pivot actuation (such as the FCH TYPE float switches). When the magnetic field of permanent magnet inside the float is moved into to the proximity of the reed switch inside the stationary stem, the reed switch "snaps" the contact together and closes the electrical circuit. When the magnetic field is moved away from the reed switch, the reed switch does not touch. The circuit is open.



(Fig. 1)

Fig. 2 illustrates the method of perpendicular actuation (such as the FC V TYPE float switches). When the magnetic field of ring magnet inside the float is moved into the proximity of reed switch inside the stationary stem, the reed switch "snaps" the contact together and closes the electrical circuit. When the magnetic field is moved away from the reed switch, the reed switch does not touch. The circuit is open.



(Fig. 2)

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

● Excellent ○ Good △ Fair × Corroded

| Chemical | Concentration % | Temp °C °F | Plastic | | | Rubber | | | Stainless | | |
|--|--|--|---------|-----|------|--------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----|
| | | | PVC | PP | PVDF | PTFE | NBR | 304 | 316 | | |
| Ammonia Water NH ₄ OH | 10 10 | 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ○ | | | | |
| Aque Regia 3HCl+HNO ₃ | 10 10 | 40 104 80 176 | △ △ | ● ● | ● ● | | | | | | |
| Benzene C ₆ H ₆ | Pure 80 | 40 104 176 | × | △ | ○ | ● | | | | | |
| Bleaching Liquor Ca(ClO) ₂ | 5 5 20 20 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | | | |
| Boric Acid H ₃ BO ₃ | Satu 80 | 40 104 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● | | | | |
| Brine | | 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● | | | | |
| Butadiene CH ₂ =CH-CH=CH ₂ | Gas 80 | 40 104 176 | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | | | |
| Butane CH(CH ₃) ₂ | Gas 80 | 40 104 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | | | | | |
| Nitric Acid HNO ₃ | 10 10 30 30 50 50 70 70 98 98 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● |
| Oxalic Acid HOOC-COOH | 20 20 50 50 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● | △ | | | |
| Phosphoric Acid H ₃ PO ₄ | 10 10 50 50 80 80 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● |
| Butane CH(CH ₃) ₂ | Gas 80 | 40 104 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | | | | | |
| Sodium Hydroxide NaOH | 15 15 30 30 50 50 70 70 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● |

| Chemical | Concentration % | Temp °C °F | Plastic | | | Rubber | | | Stainless | | |
|---|--|--|---------|-----|------|--------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----|
| | | | PVC | PP | PVDF | PTFE | NBR | 304 | 316 | | |
| Sodium Hypochlorite | 3 3 | 40 104 80 176 | ● ○ | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | | | △ ○ | | |
| NaClO | 5 5 7 7 10 10 13 13 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ○ | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ○ | ● ○ | △ ○ | | |
| Sulfuric Acid H ₂ SO ₄ | 10 10 30 30 50 50 60 60 70 70 80 90 90 98 98 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● |
| Toluene C ₆ H ₅ CH ₃ | | 40 104 80 176 | | △ △ | ● | | | | | | |
| Chlorine Gas Cl ₂ | Wet Wet Dry Dry | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | △ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Chromic Acid H ₂ CrO ₄ | 10 10 20 20 40 40 50 50 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● | ● | ● | △ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| Hydrochloric Acid HCl | 15 15 25 25 35 35 38 38 | 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 40 104 80 176 | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ● ● | ○ | ● | ● |

● Excellent ○ Good △ Fair × Corroded

| Chemical | Concentration % | Temp °C °F | Plastic | | | Rubber | | Stainless | |
|---|-----------------|------------|---------|----|------|--------|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | | PVC | PP | PVDF | PTFE | NBR | 304 | 316 |
| Citric Acid $C_6H_8O_7$ | 10 | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| | 10 | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | | |
| Gasoline | 10 | 40 104 | ● | | ● | ● | | | |
| | 10 | 80 176 | | ● | ● | | | | |
| Diesel Fuels | | 40 104 | | ● | ● | | ● | ● | ● |
| | | 80 176 | | ● | ● | | ● | ● | ● |
| Ethyl Alcohol C_2H_5OH | Pure | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | ○ |
| | | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| Formic Acid $HCOOH$ | 90 | 40 104 | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | | 80 176 | | ● | ● | | | | |
| Hydrofluoric Acid | Dilute | 40 104 | ● | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| HF | 30 | 40 104 | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | 30 | 80 176 | × | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | 40 | 40 104 | △ | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | 40 | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 50 | 40 104 | △ | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | 50 | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Hydrogen peroxide H_2O_2 | 5 | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | | ○ | ● |
| | 5 | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 20 | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 20 | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 30 | 40 104 | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | 30 | 80 176 | △ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 50 | 40 104 | △ | × | ● | ● | | | |
| | 50 | 80 176 | | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 90 | 40 104 | | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| | 90 | 80 176 | | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Isopropyl Alcohol $(CH_3)_2CHOH$ | Pure | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | | 80 176 | | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Kerosene | | 40 104 | ● | ○ | ● | ● | | | |
| | | 80 176 | | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Methyl Alcohol CH_3OH | | 40 104 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | △ | | |
| | | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone $CH_3COCH_2CH_3$ | | 40 104 | △ | | ● | | | | |
| | | 80 176 | | | ● | | | | |
| Potassium Chromate $KCrO_4$ | | 40 104 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | | |
| | | 80 176 | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |

REED SWITCH PROTECTION

■ INDUCTIVE LOADS

When using reed switches for inductive loads such as motors, relay coil, solenoids, etc., the contacts will be subjected to high induced voltages during opening of the contacts (load circuit). Such high induced voltages (transients) may cause damage to the reed switch or significantly reduce its life.

Therefore, protective circuits such as: RC (snubber), varistor or clamping diodes are recommended. (see Fig. 4a, Fig. 4b, Fig. 4c)

- It is prohibited to drive directly solenoid valve, motor or magnetic switch.

$$C = \frac{I^2}{10} \text{ } (\mu\text{F})$$

$$R = \frac{E}{10I(I + \frac{E}{50})}$$

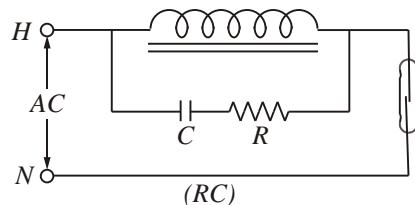


Fig. 4 (a)

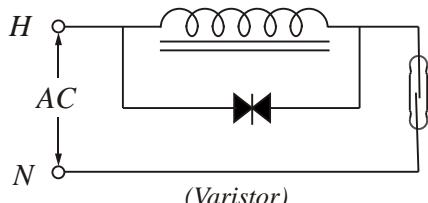


Fig. 4 (b)

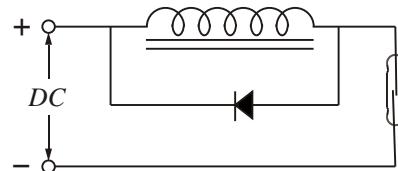


Fig. 4 (c)

■ CAPACITIVE LOADS

When using reed switches for capacitive loads such as capacitors, incandescent lamps or long cables, the contacts will be subjects to high surge (inrush) current.

Therefore, protective circuits such as: surge suppressors or current limiting resistors are recommended. (Fig. 5a, Fig. 5b)

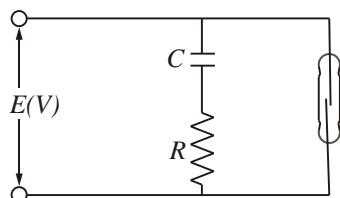


Fig. 5 (a)

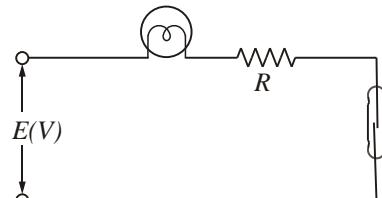


Fig. 5 (b)

FLOAT SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL | TYPE | $\phi A \times B \times \phi C$ | S.G. | Max. Pressure (kg/cm ²) | Weight (g) | Material/Color | Max. Temp. (°C) |
|-------|-----------|---------------------------------|--------|--|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | S1 | 28 × 28 × 9.5 | E>0.8 | 10 | 8 | SUS 316 | 200 |
| | S3 | 45 × 55 × 15 | E>0.65 | 12 | 36 | SUS 316 | 200 |
| | S6 | 75 × 108 × 19 | E>0.5 | 10 | 145 | SUS 304 | 200 |
| | S2 | 41 × 38 × 11 | E>0.7 | 35 | 19 | SUS 316 | 200 |
| | S4 | 52 × 52 × 15 | E>0.55 | 30 | 33 | SUS 316 | 200 |
| | S5 | 75 × 73 × 19 | E>0.55 | 30 | 103 | SUS 304 | 200 |
| | S7 | 30 × 28 × 9.5 | E>0.78 | 30 | 8 | SUS 316 | 200 |
| | P1 | 25 × 15 × 10 | E>0.8 | 4 | 4 | PP / white black | 80 |
| | P2 | 25 × 25 × 10 | E>0.7 | 4 | 5 | PP / white black | 80 |
| | P3 | 48 × 45 × 18.5 | E>0.6 | 4 | 37 | PP / black | 80 |
| | P4 | 20 × 25 × 10 | E>0.8 | 4 | 5 | PP/black | 80 |
| | P5 | 20 × 20 × 8.1 | E>0.8 | 4 | 4 | PP / black | 80 |
| | P8 | 18 × 15 × 18 | E>0.8 | 4 | 7.5 | PP / black | 80 |
| | Q6 | 20 × 20 × 7.5 | E>0.8 | ATM | 3.5 | PP / white | 80 |
| | Q7 | 25 × 25 × 10 | E>0.8 | ATM | 6.5 | PP / white | 80 |
| | N1 | 25 × 15 × 10 | E>0.8 | ATM | 4.5 | NBR / black | 100 |
| | N2 | 18.5 × 26 × 10 | E>0.8 | ATM | 2.6 | NBR / black | 100 |
| | N3 | 19 × 20 × 10 | E>0.8 | ATM | 2.4 | NBR / black | 100 |
| | N4 | 17.5 × 25 × 10 | E>0.8 | ATM | 2.4 | NBR / black | 100 |
| | N5 | 30 × 45 × 10 | E>0.5 | ATM | 11.3 | NBR / black | 100 |
| | F2 | 42 × 44 × 14 | E>0.8 | 5 | 20 | PP | 80 |
| | F3 | 45 × 45 × 20 | E>0.5 | 5 | 25 | PP | 80 |
| | F4 | 48 × 70 × 18 | E>0.8 | 5 | 65 | PVDF | 120 |

PLASTIC OV TYPES

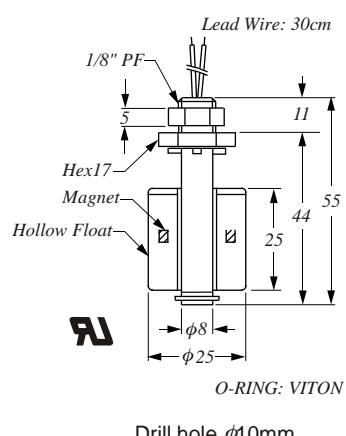
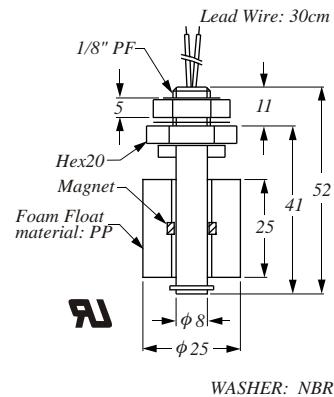
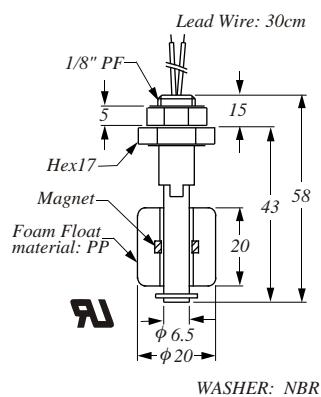
► FC V11QF



► FC V21QD



► FC V31PD, 33FD, 34YD, 35GD

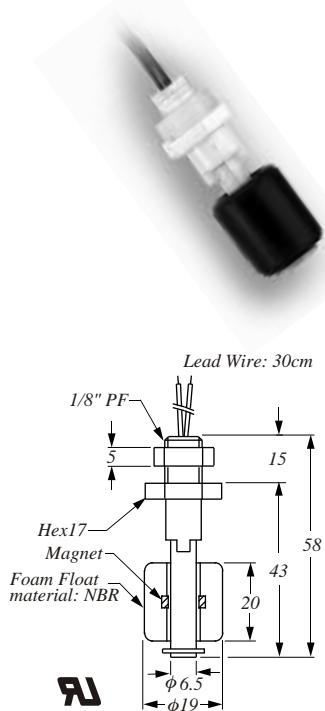


■ SPECIFICATIONS

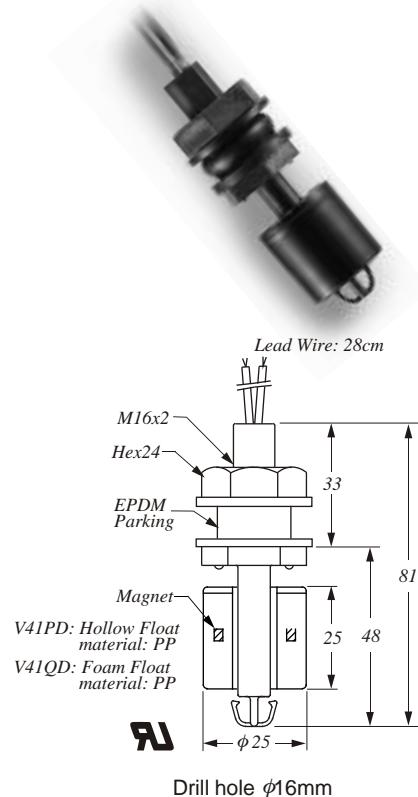
| Description | Type | FC V11QF | FC V21QD | FC V31PD | FC V33FD | FC V34YD | FC V35GD |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Switching Capacity Max. | 10W SPST | 50W SPST | | | 50W SPST | | |
| Switching Voltage Max. | 100Vac / 100Vdc | 240Vac / 200Vdc | | | 240Vac / 200Vdc | | |
| Switching Current Max. (A) | | 0.5A | | | 0.5A | | |
| Carry Current Max. (A) | | 1A | | | 1A | | |
| Lead Wire | UL 1007 AWG22 PVC | | UL 1007 AWG22 PVC | | | XLPE AWG22 | |
| Reversible Switch Action | | YES | | | YES | | |
| Max. Pressure (Kg/cm²) | | ATM | | 4 kg/cm ² | | 2 kg/cm ² | |
| Operating Temperature | | -20~80°C | | -20~80°C | -20~120°C | -20~110°C | -20~120°C |
| Material | | PP | | PP | PVDF | Nylon | Polysuphone |
| Suitable Specific Gravity | | 0.8 | | 0.7 | 0.85 | 0.8 | 0.85 |
| Weight (g) | 12 g | 18 g | 12.8 g | 18 g | 15 g | 18 g | |

PLASTIC OV TYPES

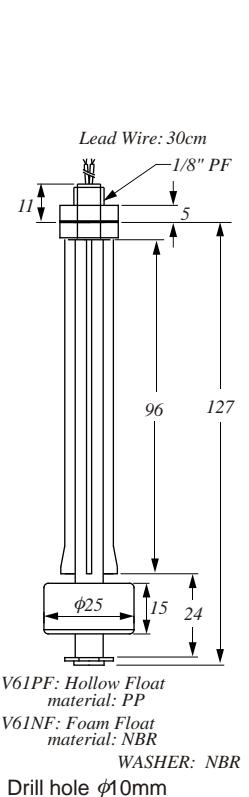
► FC V12NF



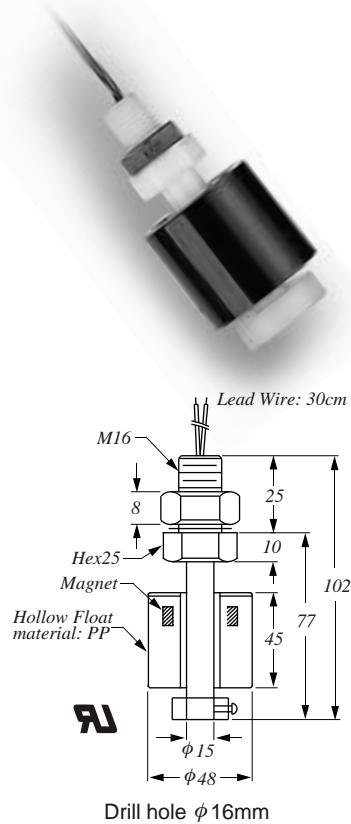
► FC V41PD, V41QD



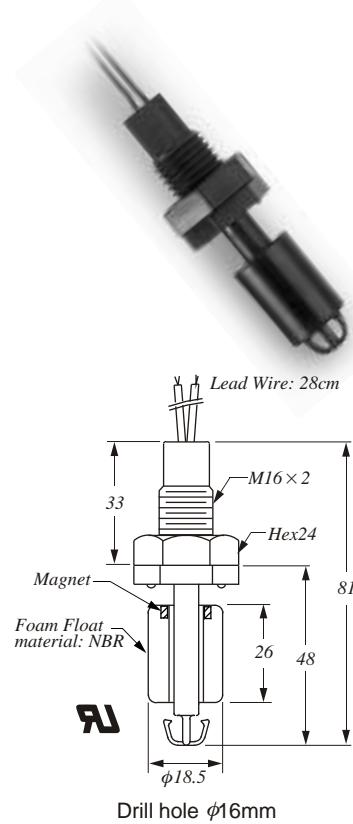
► FC V61PF, V61NF



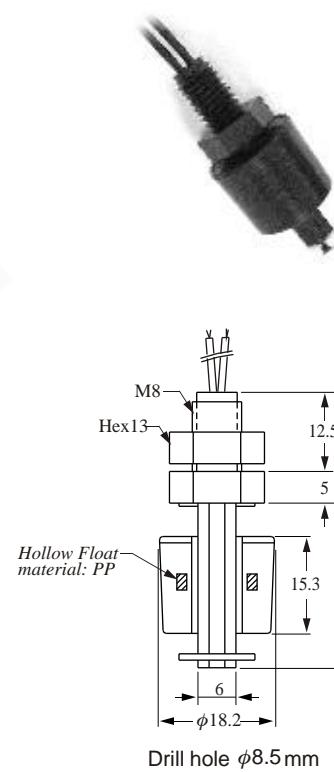
► FC V81PD



► FC V41ND



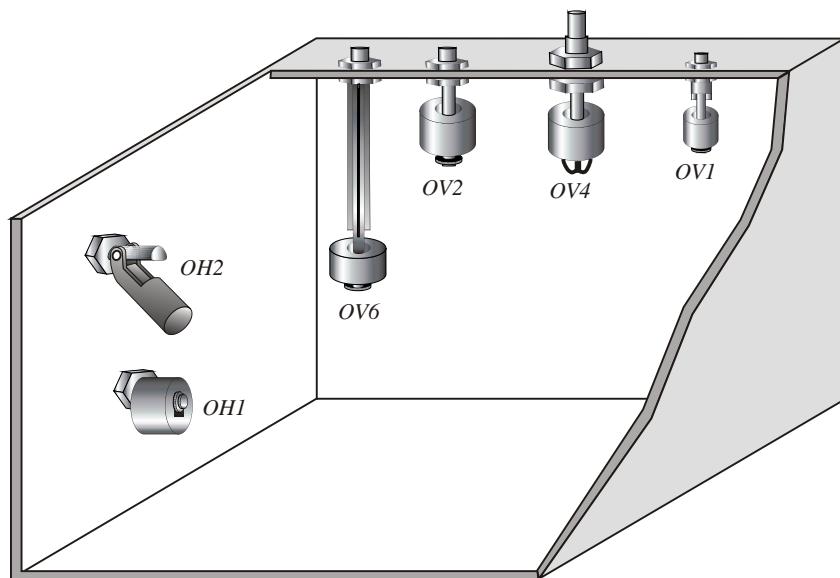
► FC V51PD



PLASTIC OV TYPES

■ SPECIFICATIONS

| Type Description | FC V12NF | FC V61PF FC V61NF | FC V41PD FC V41QD | FC V81PD | FC V41ND | FC V51PD |
|--|---|--|--|----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| Switching Capacity Max. | 10W SPST | 50W SPST | | | | |
| Switching Voltage Max. | 125Vac (Break Down 250Vac) | 240Vac / 200Vdc | | | | |
| Switching Current Max. (A) | 0.5A | | | | | |
| Carry Current Max. (A) | 1A | | | | | |
| Lead Wire | XLPE AWG22 | UL 1007 AWG22 PVC | | | XLPE AWG22 | |
| Reversible Switch Action | NO | NO | YES | NO | YES | NO |
| Max. Pressure (kg/cm²) | 2 kg/cm ² | V61P: 4kg/cm ² V61N: ATM | V41P: 4kg/cm ² V41Q: ATM | 4 kg/cm ² | ATM | 4 kg/cm ² |
| Operating Temperature | -20 ~100°C | -20~80°C | | | -20 ~100°C | -20~80°C |
| Material | PP (except V11N, V61N, V41N: NBR float) | | | | | |
| Suitable Specific Gravity | 0.8 | 0.7 ~ 0.8 | | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Weight (g) | 11 g | 16 g | 23 g | 180 g | 17 g | 8.2 g |



ORDER INFORMATION

FC



Order No./ Model _____

FC H1~H6: RF-OH Side Mounting

FC V1~V8: RF-OV Top or bottom Mounting

Material of Wetted parts _____

1 : PP 4 : Nylon

3 : PVDF 5 : Polysuphone

Material of Float _____

F: PVDF P: PP (hollow) Y: Nylon

N: NBR Q: PP (foam) G: Polysuphone

Switching Capacity Max. _____

D: 50W 200VDC/240VAC SPST

F: 10W 125VAC SPST

H: 3W 30VAC/60VDC SPDT (available for FCV11 or FCV61)

K: 20W 150VAC/200VDC SPDT

Contact Form _____

A: Normally Open (N.O.) SPST

B: Normally Close (N.C.) SPST

C: 1AB SPDT

D: NC Reversible

E: NO Reversible

Lead wire Length (L: unit=10cm) _____

03: 30cm (Standard length) *except of (FCV4, V5 standard by 28cm)

05: 50cm

10: 100cm (1 Meter)

15: 150cm

Material of Lead wire _____

C: PVC cable (80°C) ---- AWG22 x2C xΦ4

D: XLPVC (105°C) ---- AWG22

F: SILICON cable (200°C) ---- AWG24 x2C xΦ4

P: PVC (80°C) ---- AWG22

S: SILICON (200°C) ---- AWG22

T: TEFLON (200°C) ---- AWG24

X: XLPE (125°C) ---- AWG22

* "A" (Normal Open) contact form is our standard specified switch activation, others contact form and target lead wire length subject to above data, except of above, please refer pages 7, 8, 10, 11and 13.

PLASTIC SPECIAL TYPES

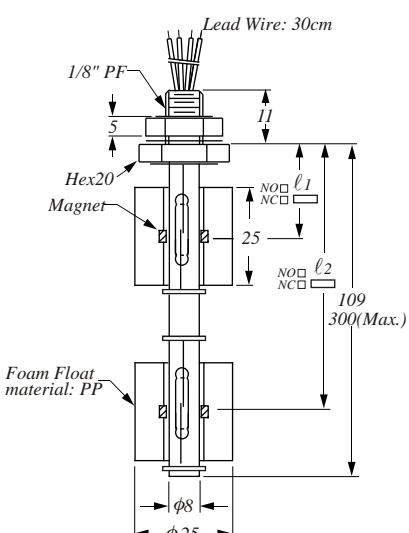
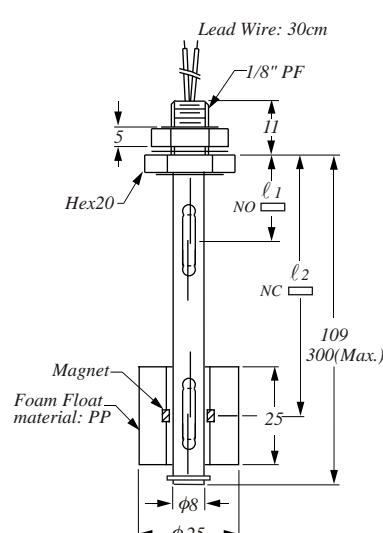
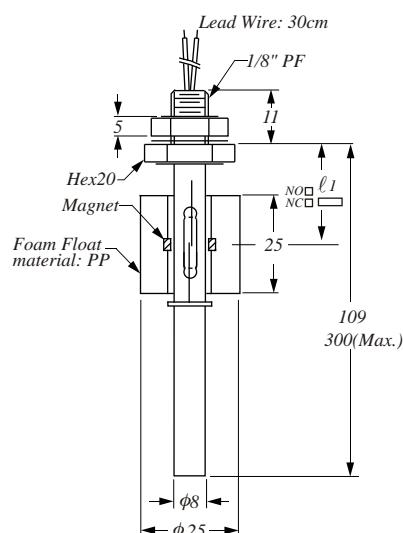
► FC PV1



► FC PV2



► FC PV3



- NOTE: Float material can be optional.

Above items are done by custom-built when the standard specification is unable to be coped with their unique demand. There are with below special benefits:

- FCPV1 One float for one level activation switch location by custom-order.
- FCPV2 One float with 2 reed switches, applicable for high / low two level activation, especial design by one float to drive two contacts activation.
- FCPV3 Two floats drive with two independent reed switches, the compared difference with FCPV2 base on below character : Each one float unit can be performed by N.O. or N.C. level activation as per customer's option.

ORDER INFORMATION

FC **P V 1** **2** **D** **A** **0 5** **P**

Order No./ Model _____

PV1: RF-PV1 Vertical Mounting, Single Float Single Switch

PV2: RF-PV2 Vertical Mounting, Single Float Dual Switch

PV3: RF-PV3 Vertical Mounting, Dual Float Dual Switch

Material of Wetted parts _____

1: PP; Lead wire---PVC---Temp. 80°C

2: NBR (only float); Lead wire---PVC---Temp. 60°C
Lead wire---XLPE---Temp. 100°C

3: PVDF; Lead wire---XLPE---Temp. 125°C

4: Nylon; Lead wire---XLPE---Temp. 125°C

Switching Capacity Max. _____

D: 50W 200Vdc/240Vac SPST 

F: 10W 125Vac SPST

Contact Form _____

A: Normally Open (N.O.) SPST

B: Normally Close (N.C.) SPST

Lead wire Length (L: Unit=10cm) _____

03: 30cm (Standard length)

05: 50cm

15: 150cm

20: 200cm

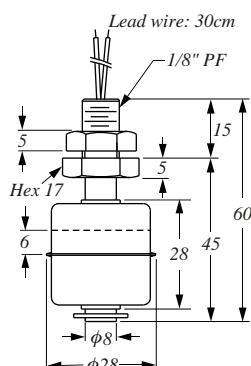
Material of Lead wire _____

P: PVC ---- 80°C

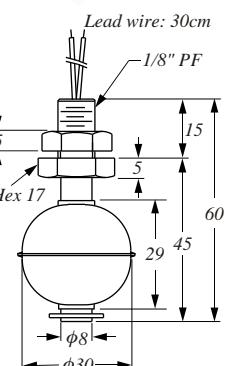
X: XLPE ---- 125°C

METAL TYPES

► FD 30□1/ FD 35□1

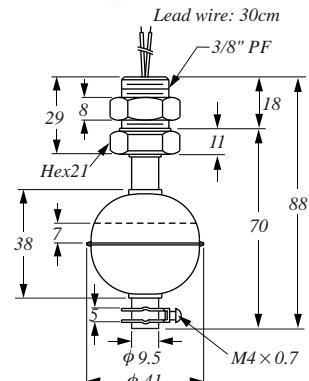


Drill hole $\phi 10\text{mm}$



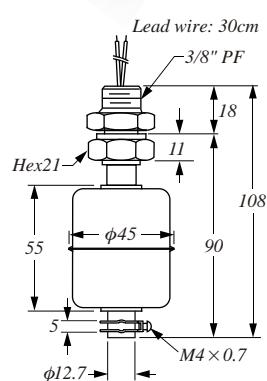
WASHER: NBR

► FD 40□1



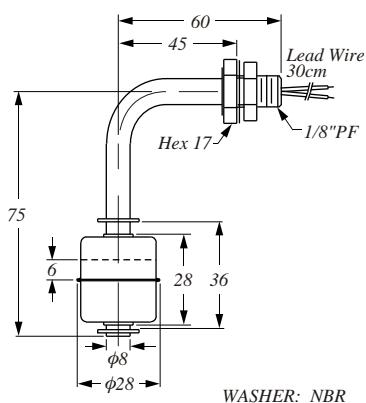
WASHER: NBR

► FD 45□1



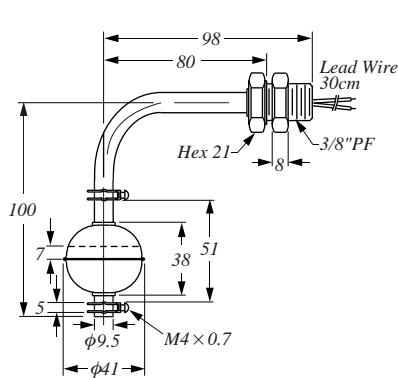
WASHER: NBR

► FD 30□2



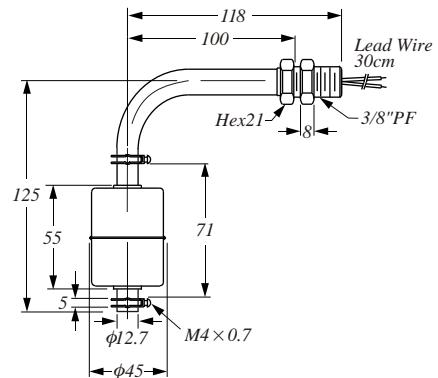
Drill hole $\phi 10\text{mm}$

► FD 40□2



WASHER: NBR

► FD 45□2



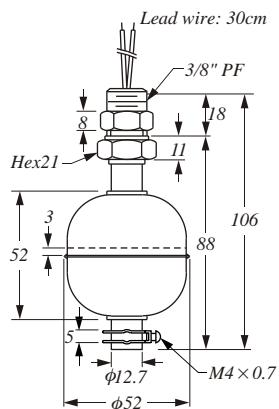
WASHER: NBR

METAL TYPES

► FD 50□1



WASHER: NBR

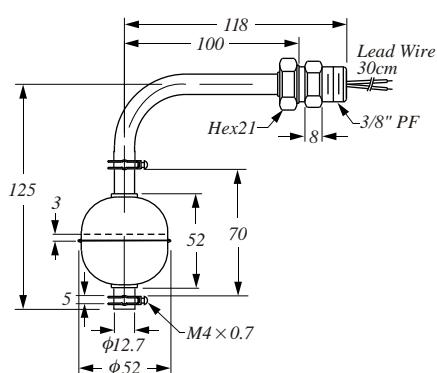


Drill hole $\phi 17\text{mm}$

► FD 50□2

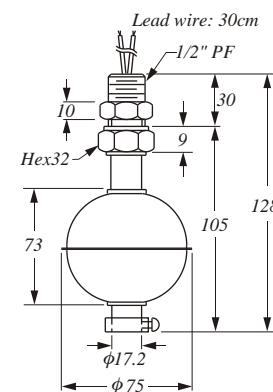


WASHER: NBR



Drill hole $\phi 17\text{mm}$

► FD 75□1



Drill hole $\phi 21\text{mm}$

■ SPECIFICATIONS

| Type Description | FD30□1D FD30□2D | FD40□1D FD40□2D | FD45□1D FD45□2D | FD50□1D FD50□2D | FD75□1G | FD10□1G |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Switching Capacity Max. | 50W SPST | 50W SPST | 50W SPST | 50W SPST | 60W SPDT | |
| Switching Voltage Max. | 240Vac/200Vdc | | | | 220Vac | |
| Switching Current Max. (A) | 0.5A | 0.5A | 0.5A | 0.5A | 2A | |
| Carry Current Max. (A) | 1A | 1A | 1A | 1A | 3A | |
| Lead Wire | XLPE (UL3266, AWG22) | | | | | |
| Reversible Switch Action | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO |
| Max. Pressure (Kg/cm²) | 10 | 30 | 12 | 30 | 30 | 10 |
| Operating Temperature | -10~120°C (OPTION 200°C) | | | | | |
| Material | Stainless Steel SUS304, 316 | | | | | |
| Suitable Specific Gravity | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.65 | 0.55 | 0.55 | 0.5 |

ORDER INFORMATION

FD 

Order No./ Model _____

FD10 Float : **RF-10** ϕ 75x108, Screw : 1/2"PF

FD30 Float : **RF-30** ϕ 28x28, Screw : 1/8"PF

FD35 Float : **RF-35** ϕ 30x29, Screw : 1/8"PF

FD40 Float : **RF-40** ϕ 41x38, Screw : 3/8"PF

FD45 Float : **RF-45** ϕ 45x55, Screw : 3/8"PF

FD50 Float : **RF-50** ϕ 52x52, Screw : 3/8"PF

FD75 Float : **RF-75** ϕ 75x70, Screw : 1/2"PF

Material of Wetted parts _____

0: SUS304

6: SUS316

Mounting _____

1: Top or Bottom Mounting

2: Side Mounting

Switching Capacity Max. _____

D: 50W 200Vdc /240Vac SPST 

F: 10W 125Vac SPST

G: 60W 220Vac SPDT (only use for tude $\geq \phi$ 12.7)

H: 3W 30Vac / 60Vdc SPDT (only use for tude $\leq \phi$ 9.5)

Contact Form _____

A: Normal Open (N.O.) SPST

B: Normal Close (N.C.) SPST

C: 1C SPDT

D: N.C. Reversible

E: N.O. Reversible

Lead wire Length (XLPE 125°C) L: Unit=10cm _____

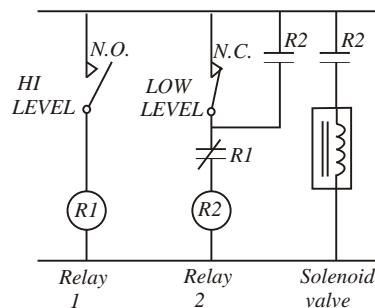
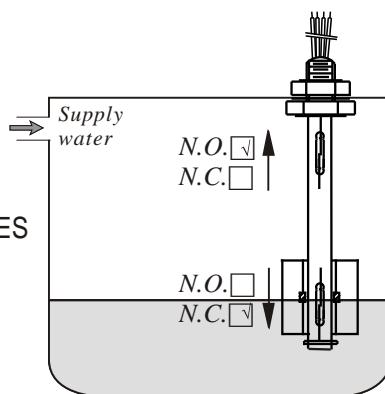
03: 30cm (Standard length)

05: 50cm

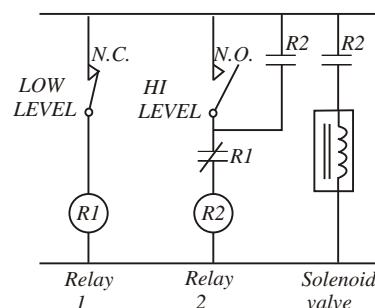
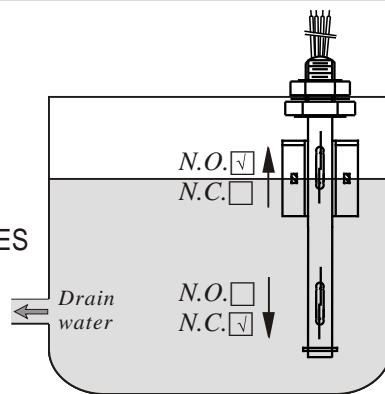
15: 150cm

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAMS

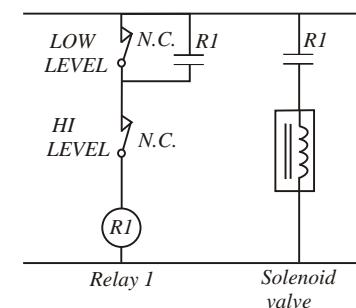
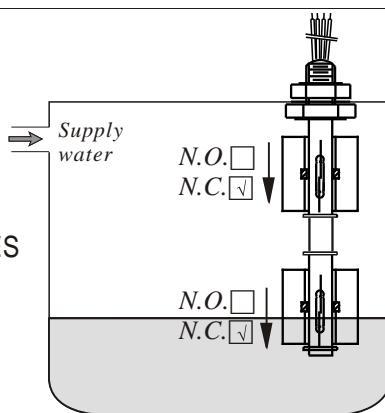
* AUTO SUPPLY CASE:
SINGLE FLOAT DUAL SWITCHES



* AUTO DRAIN CASE:
SINGLE FLOAT DUAL SWITCHES



* AUTO SUPPLY CASE:
DUAL FLOATS DUAL SWITCHES



* AUTO DRAIN CASE:
DUAL FLOATS DUAL SWITCHES

